

Retirement Plan Comparision Chart

Feature	401(k)	Solo 401(k)	Safe Harbor 401(k)	SIMPLE 401(k)	Profit Sharing	SEP IRA	SIMPLE IRA
Basic plan type	Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	IRA based	IRA based
Who generally adopts	Corporations, Partnerships, limited liability companies	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability companies and corporations with no common-law employees	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability companies and corporations	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability companies and corporations with 100 or fewer eligible employees	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability companies and corporations	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, and small businesses	Sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability companies and corporations with 100 or fewer employees
Can employer sponsor other qualified retirement plans	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Who can contribute	Employee; employer contributions are optional	Employee; employer contributions are optional	Employee and employer	Employee and employer	Employer	Employer	Employee and employer
Cost index	Low to High depending upon design complexity, service model adopted and other factors	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	Low to High depending upon design complexity, service model adopted and other factors	Low	Low
Maximum employee deferral contribution	The lesser of \$19,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year) or 100% of compensation	The lesser of \$19,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year) or 100% of compensation	The lesser of \$19,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year) or 100% of compensation	The lesser of \$13,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year) or 100% of compensation	None	None. Contributions are generally by Employer only	The lesser of \$13,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year) or 100% of compensation
Employer contributions	tax- deductible employer contribution is 25% of eligible payroll; overall maximum contribution	Discretionary; maximum tax- deductible employer contribution is 25% of eligible payroll; overall maximum contribution per eligible employee is 100% of compensation not to exceed \$56,000	Required match of 100% on the first 3% of employee deferral plus 50% on the next 2% of employee deferral OR 3% of compensation to all eligible employees	Required match of 100% up to 3% of employee's compensation OR 2% of compensation to all eligible employees	Discretionary; maximum tax- deductible employer contribution is 25% of eligible payroll; overall maximum contribution per eligible employee is 100% of compensation not to exceed \$56,000	Discretionary; cannot exceed the lesser of 25% of the employee's compensation or \$56,000	Required match of 100% up to 3% of employee's compensation (may be reduced to 1% in 2 of any 5 years) OR 2% of compensation to all eligible employees
Catch-up contributions for those ages 50 and older	\$6,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year)	\$6,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year)	\$6,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year)	\$3,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year)	N/A	N/A	\$3,000 for 2019 (indexed for inflation each year)



Feature	401(k)	Solo 401(k)	Safe Harbor 401(k)	SIMPLE 401(k)	Profit Sharing	SEP IRA	SIMPLE IRA
Employee eligibility	Age requirement cannot exceed 21; service requirement can't exceed one year; may exclude union employees	Age requirements cannot exceed 21; service requirements can't exceed one year	Age requirement cannot exceed 21; service requirement can't exceed one year; may exclude union employees	Age requirement cannot exceed 21; service requirement can't exceed one year; may exclude union employees	one year; two years if 100%	Age requirement cannot exceed 21; have earned compensation in three of the past five years; received compensation of at least \$600; may exclude union employees	, , ,
Who directs investments	Employer/Trustee or plan may allow individual direction	Individual	Employer/Trustee or plan may allow individual direction	Individual	Employer/Trustee or plan may allow individual direction	Individual	Individual
IRS reporting by employer	Form 5500	Form 5500-EZ when plan assets reach \$250,000	Form 5500	Form 5500	Form 5500	None	None
Establishment deadline	By the last day of the plan year for which the plan is effective	By the last day of the plan year for which the plan is effective	Any date between January 1 and October 1; may not have an effective date that is before the date plan actually adopted	Any date between January 1 and October 1; as soon as administratively feasible for businesses established after October 1st	By the last day of the plan year for which the plan is effective	Established by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken	Any date between January 1 and October 1; as soon as administratively feasible for businesses established after October 1st
Complexity Index	High	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Low
Loans	Yes¹	Yes¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes¹	No	No
Roth Contributions Allowed	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	No	No	No
Funding deadline	Employee contributions must be deposited as soon as administratively possible; employer contributions must be deposited by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken	Unincorporated businesses employer/employee contributions: by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken; incorporated businesses Employer contributions: by tax-filing date plus extensions and employee contributions must be deposited as soon as administratively possible	Employee contributions must be deposited as soon as administratively possible; employer contributions must be deposited by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken	as administratively possible; ² employer contributions must be deposited by the time the corporate tax return (with	· ·	Funded by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken	Employee contributions must be deposited as soon as administratively possible; employer contributions must be deposited by the time the corporate tax return (with extensions) is filed for the tax year in which the deduction is being taken



Feature	401(k)	Solo 401(k)	Safe Harbor 401(k)	SIMPLE 401(k)	Profit Sharing	SEP IRA	SIMPLE IRA
Minimum vesting	Immediate on Employee Contributions; Employer contributions can be subject to vesting schedule	Immediate	Immediate	Immediate	Employer contributions can be subject to vesting schedule	Immediate	Immediate
When can withdrawals be	Withdrawals can generally	Withdrawals can generally	Withdrawals can generally	Withdrawals can generally	Withdrawals can generally	Withdrawals can be taken	Withdrawals can be taken
taken	be made for the following	be made for the following	be made for the following	be made for the following	be made for the following	at any time; withdrawals	at any time; withdrawals
	reasons:	reasons:	reasons:	reasons:	reasons:	taken prior to an employee reaching age	taken prior to an employee reaching age
	 termination of 	 termination of 	 termination of 	 termination of 	 termination of 	59½ may be subject to IRS	59½ and
	employment	employment	employment	employment	employment	penalties; withdrawals are	within the first two years
	 disability 	 disability 	 disability 	 disability 	 disability 	generally considered	of participation, may be
	• death	• death	• death	• death	• death	taxable income	subject to a 25% early
	 retirement 	 retirement 	 retirement 	 retirement 	 retirement 		withdrawal penalty; after
	hardship	hardship	hardship	hardship	hardship		two years, a 10% early withdrawal penalty would
	If taken prior to an	If taken prior to an	If taken prior to an	If taken prior to an	If taken prior to an		apply; withdrawals are
	employee reaching age	employee reaching age	employee reaching age	employee reaching age	employee reaching age		generally considered
	59½ may be subject to a	59½ may be subject to a	59½ may be subject to a	59½ may be subject to a	59½ may be subject to a		taxable income
	10% penalty; ³ withdrawals	10% penalty; ³ withdrawals	10% penalty; ³ withdrawals	10% penalty; ³ withdrawals	10% penalty; ³ withdrawals		
	are generally considered	are generally considered	are generally considered	are generally considered	are generally considered		
	taxable income	taxable income	taxable income	taxable income	taxable income		

IMPORTANT NOTE: This chart provides a high-level comparison of the features and benefits of the plans included and is not intended as a comprehensive or detailed review of each plan type. It is intended to be general in nature. As a result, exceptions to each plan feature can exist. Be sure to consult with a professional retirement planner or expert before you act on any information contained in this chart.

^{1.} This is a design option that the plan may or may not permit.

^{2.} Plans with fewer than 100 participants must deposit employee deferrals no later than seven business days after the date the amount is withheld.

^{3.} There is an exception to this rule which allows an employee who retires during the calendar year in which they turn 55, or later, to withdraw without penalty.